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=> b reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST

	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
	0.21	0.21

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 19 DEC 2008 HIGHEST RN 1087349-26-5
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 19 DEC 2008 HIGHEST RN 1087349-26-5

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH July 5, 2008.

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on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

=> S 151-21-3/RN
L1 1 151-21-3/RN

=> sel L1 chem
E1 THROUGH E236 ASSIGNED

=> b bioscience
FILE 'DRUGMONOG' ACCESS NOT AUTHORIZED
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST

	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
	0.82	1.03

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FILE 'WPINDEX' ACCESS NOT AUTHORIZED

=> s e1-236 (s) (staphylococc? (5a) (protein (2a) a) or spa)
UNMATCHED RIGHT PARENTHESIS 'SPA'))
The number of right parentheses in a query must be equal to the
number of left parentheses.

=> s e1-236 (s) (staphylococc? (5a) (protein (2a) a) or spa)
1 FILES SEARCHED...
2 FILES SEARCHED...
3 FILES SEARCHED...
4 FILES SEARCHED...
5 FILES SEARCHED...
6 FILES SEARCHED...
7 FILES SEARCHED...
8 FILES SEARCHED...
9 FILES SEARCHED...
10 FILES SEARCHED...
11 FILES SEARCHED...
12 FILES SEARCHED...
13 FILES SEARCHED...

THE ESTIMATED SEARCH COST FOR FILE 'CAPLUS' IS 1,229.60 U.S. DOLLARS
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N or END:end

=> s (sds or (sodium (2a) doce cyl) (s) (staphylococc? (5a) (protein (2a) a) or spa)
UNMATCHED LEFT PARENTHESIS '(SDS'
The number of right parentheses in a query must be equal to the
number of left parentheses.

=> s (sds or (sodium (2a) doce cyl)) (s) (staphylococc? (5a) (protein (2a) a) or spa)
11 FILES SEARCHED...
12 FILES SEARCHED...
21 FILES SEARCHED...
28 FILES SEARCHED...
40 FILES SEARCHED...
45 FILES SEARCHED...
57 FILES SEARCHED...
59 FILES SEARCHED...
64 FILES SEARCHED...
L2 1028 (SDS OR (SODIUM (2A) DOCECYL)) (S) (STAPHYLOCOCC? (5A) (PROTEIN
(2A) A) OR SPA)

=> s L2 (s) (skin or derm## or epiderm##)
39 FILES SEARCHED...
L3 16 L2 (S) (SKIN OR DERM## OR EPIDERM##)

=> s L3 and py<2005
'2005' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE
8 FILES SEARCHED...
14 FILES SEARCHED...
16 FILES SEARCHED...
'2005' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE
27 FILES SEARCHED...

```
29 FILES SEARCHED...
<-----User Break----->

=> d rank
NO F-NUMBERS CURRENTLY EXIST

=> s L2 (s) (skin or derm## or epiderm##)
59 FILES SEARCHED...
L4      16 L2 (S) (SKIN OR DERM## OR EPIDERM##)

=> d rank
NO F-NUMBERS CURRENTLY EXIST

=> d rank L4
'FULL' IS NOT VALID IN THE CURRENT FILE
This option is not valid in the current file. Enter the command
without the option at the arrow prompt (=>). Or, first enter the
file in which the saved item created. Then enter the command and
option at an arrow prompt in the file.

=> d rank L4
'FULL' IS NOT VALID IN THE CURRENT FILE
This option is not valid in the current file. Enter the command
without the option at the arrow prompt (=>). Or, first enter the
file in which the saved item created. Then enter the command and
option at an arrow prompt in the file.

=> L4 d rank
MISSING OPERATOR L4 D RANK
The search profile that was entered contains terms or
nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.

=> d L4 ti

L4      ANSWER 1 OF 16  BIOENG  COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN
TI      Contribution of IL-18 to atopic-dermatitis-like skin inflammation induced
      by Staphylococcus aureus product in mice

=> s L3 and py<2005
<-----User Break----->

=> s L4 and py<2005
'2005' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE
 8 FILES SEARCHED...
14 FILES SEARCHED...
16 FILES SEARCHED...
'2005' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE
28 FILES SEARCHED...
'2005' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE
41 FILES SEARCHED...
45 FILES SEARCHED...
'2005' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE
50 FILES SEARCHED...
'2005' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE
59 FILES SEARCHED...
L5      8 L4 AND PY<2005

=> d L5 ibib abs 1-8
```

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 8 BIOTECHNO COPYRIGHT 2008 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:36963095 BIOTECHNO <>LOGINID::20081222>>
TITLE: The tryptic cleavage product of the mature form of the
bovine desmoglein 1 ectodomain is one of the antigen
moieties immunoprecipitated by all sera from
symptomatic patients affected by a new variant of
endemic pemphigus
AUTHOR: Abreu-Velez A.M.; Javier Patino P.; Montoya F.; Bollag
W.B.
CORPORATE SOURCE: A.M. Abreu-Velez, Inst. for Molec. Med. and Genetics,
Medical College of Georgia, CB 2803, 1120 15th Street,
Augusta, GA 30912-2630, United States.
E-mail: aavelez@mail.mcg.edu
SOURCE: European Journal of Dermatology, (2003),
13/4 (359-366), 45 reference(s)
CODEN: EJDEE4 ISSN: 1167-1122
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
COUNTRY: France
LANGUAGE: English
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English
AN 2003:36963095 BIOTECHNO <>LOGINID::20081222>>
AB Multiple antigens are recognized by sera from patients with pemphigus
foliaceus (PF). Several have been identified including keratin 59,
desmocollins, envoplakin, periplakin, and desmogleins 1 and 3 (Dsg1 and
Dsg3). In addition, an 80 kDa antigen was identified as the N-terminal
fragment of Dsg1 using as antigen source an insoluble epidermal
cell envelope preparation. However, still unsolved was the identity of
the most important antigenic moiety, a 45 kDa tryptic fragment which is
recognized by all sera from patients with *fogo selvagem*, pemphigus
foliaceus, by half of pemphigus vulgaris sera and by a new variant of
endemic pemphigus in El Bagre, Colombia that resembles Senear-Usher
syndrome. Here, we report the identification of the 45 kDa conformational
epitope of a soluble tryptic cleavage product from viable bovine
epidermis. To elucidate the nature of this peptide, viable bovine
epidermis was trypsin-digested, and glycosylated peptides were
partially purified on a concanavalin A (Con-A) affinity column. This
column fraction was then used as an antigen source for further
immunoaffinity purification. A PF patient's serum covalently coupled to
a *Staphylococcus aureus* protein A column was incubated with the Con-A eluted products and the
immuno-isolated antigen was separated by SDS-PAGE, transferred
to a membrane, and visualized with Coomassie blue, silver and amido black
stains. The 45 kDa band was subjected to amino acid sequence analysis
revealing the sequence, EXIK-FAAXXREGED, which matched the mature form of
the extracellular domain of bovine Dsg1. This study confirms the
biological importance of the ectodomain of Dsg1 as well as the relevance
of conformational epitopes in various types of pemphigus.

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 8 BIOTECHNO COPYRIGHT 2008 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:16044410 BIOTECHNO <>LOGINID::20081222>>
TITLE: High sensitive immunoadsorption procedure for
detection of low-abundance proteins
AUTHOR: Platt E.J.; Karlson K.; Lopez-Valdivieso A.; et al.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physiology-Anatomy, University of
California, Berkeley, CA 94720, United States.
SOURCE: Analytical Biochemistry, (1986), 156/1
(126-135)
CODEN: ANBCA2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
COUNTRY: United States

LANGUAGE: English
AN 1986:16044410 BIOTECHNO <<LOGINID::20081222>>
AB A procedure that virtually eliminates nonspecific adsorption of radiolabeled proteins during immunoprecipitation was devised utilizing staphylococcal cells containing protein A (Staph A). Immunoprecipitates (antigen-antibody complexes) were solubilized from Staph A pellets into detergent micelles by incubation in a small volume of 1% sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) at 23°C for 10 min. To allow re-formation of immunocomplexes and rebinding to new Staph A, the SDS-solubilized material was diluted 20-fold in buffer containing 1% Triton X-100 and 0.5% sodium deoxycholate. Specific conductance measurements revealed that this solubilization and subsequent reimmunoabsorption of antibody-antigen complexes occur at SDS concentrations that are first above and then below its critical micelle concentration. This procedure lowered the nonspecific background from approximately 2250 parts per million (ppm) to less than 25 ppm with a final recovery of 30-50% depending on the antigen and antibody. Chaotropic agents such as 2 M urea, 0.2 M KOH, and 3.5 M MgCl₂.sub.2 (as well as combinations of urea and SDS) can substitute for 1% SDS, although the final recovery is somewhat lower. Fluorography of radiolabeled proteins obtained in this manner display virtually undetectable background even for exposure as long as 2 months. These methods allowed the unambiguous detection of low-abundance antigens at high level of sensitivity, for example, mouse mammary tumor virus protein products and epidermal growth factor receptor.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 8 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2008 THOMSON REUTERS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985-19663 DRUGU P <<LOGINID::20081222>>
TITLE: Immunoprecipitation of HLA-DR Antigens from Gamma Interferon-Stimulated Cultured Human Keratinocytes.
AUTHOR: Wikner N; Kissinger M; Norris D; Clark Huff J; Weston W
LOCATION: Denver, Colorado, United States
SOURCE: J.Invest.Dermatol. (84, No. 4, 326, 1985)
CODEN: JIDEEA ISSN: 0022-202X
AVAIL. OF DOC.: Department of Dermatology, University of Colorado School of Medicine, Denver, CO., U.S.A.
LANGUAGE: English
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
FIELD AVAIL.: AB; LA; CT
FILE SEGMENT: Literature
AN 1985-19663 DRUGU P <<LOGINID::20081222>>
AB Effects of gamma interferon on the expression of HLA-DR antigens were studied in cultured human keratinocytes. This study confirms by immunoprecipitation techniques that pure keratinocyte cultures can synthesize HLA-DR when stimulated by gamma interferon. (congress abstract).
ABEX Expression of HLA-DR antigens in the cells of the normal human epidermis is confirmed to the Langerhans cells and indeterminate cells. Keratinocytes, however, may stain for such Class II antigens in certain skin diseases characterized by mononuclear cell infiltrates, such as lichen planus, erythema multiforme, and graft vs. host disease. Second passage human keratinocytes isolated from neonatal foreskins were grown in serum-free, defined medium without a feeder layer. Keratinocyte cultures were stimulated for two days with recombinant human gamma interferon (0-50 units) and pulse labeled with ³⁵S methionine. The cells were lysed and immunoprecipitation was performed with a monoclonal antibody to human HLA-DR (L243 IgC2a) and staphylococcal protein A. Evaluation of the immunoprecipitated proteins by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and autoradiography demonstrated labeled proteins with molecular weights corresponding to the alpha and beta chains of human

HLA-DR. The amount of HLA-DR synthesis was directly related to the dose of gamma interferon used for stimulation.

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 8 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 86:21291 LIFESCI <<LOGINID::20081222>>
TITLE: Highly sensitive immunoaffinity procedure for detection of low-abundance proteins.
AUTHOR: Platt, E.J.; Karlsen, K.; Lopez-Valdivieso, A.; Cook, P.W.; Firestone, G.L.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Physiol., Univ. California, Berkeley, CA 94720, USA
SOURCE: ANAL. BIOCHEM., (1986) vol. 156, no. 1, pp. 126-135.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
FILE SEGMENT: F; L
LANGUAGE: English
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English
AB A procedure that virtually eliminates nonspecific adsorption of radiolabeled proteins during immunoprecipitation was devised utilizing staphylococcal cells containing protein A (Staph A). Immunoprecipitates (antigen-antibody complexes) were solubilized from Staph A pellets into detergent micelles by incubation in a small volume of 1% sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) at 23 degree C for 10 min. To allow re-formation of immunocomplexes and rebinding to new Staph A, the SDS-solubilized material was diluted 20-fold in buffer containing 1% Triton X-100 and 0.5% sodium deoxycholate. Specific conductance measurements revealed that this solubilization and subsequent reimmunoaffinity of antibody-antigen complexes occur at SDS concentrations that are first above and then below its critical micelle concentration. The methods allowed the unambiguous detection of low-abundance antigens at a high level of sensitivity, for example, mouse mammary tumor virus protein products and epidermal growth factor receptor.

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 8 PASCAL COPYRIGHT 2008 INIST-CNRS. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-0374741 PASCAL <<LOGINID::20081222>>
COPYRIGHT NOTICE: Copyright .COPYRGT. 2003 INIST-CNRS. All rights reserved.
TITLE (IN ENGLISH): The tryptic cleavage product of the mature form of the bovine desmoglein 1 ectodomain is one of the antigen moieties immunoprecipitated by all sera from symptomatic patients affected by a new variant of endemic pemphigus
AUTHOR: ABREU-YEEZ Ana Maria; JAVIER PATINO Pablo; MONTOYA Fernando; BOLLAG Wendy B.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Molecular Medicine and Genetics, Medical College of Georgia, CB 2803, 1120, 15th Street, Augusta, GA, 30912-2630, United States; Group of Primary immunodeficiency, University of Antioquia, Medellin, Colombia, SA, Spain
SOURCE: EJD. European journal of dermatology, (2003) , 13(4), 359-366, 45 refs.
ISSN: 1167-1122
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
BIBLIOGRAPHIC LEVEL: Analytic
COUNTRY: France
LANGUAGE: English
AVAILABILITY: INIST-22499, 354000112233370070
AN 2003-0374741 PASCAL <<LOGINID::20081222>>
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AB Multiple antigens are recognized by sera from patients with pemphigus

foliaceus (PF). Several have been identified including keratin 59, desmocollins, envoplakin, periplakin, and desmogleins 1 and 3 (Dsg1 and Dsg3). In addition, an 80 kDa antigen was identified as the N-terminal fragment of Dsg1 using as antigen source an insoluble epidermal cell envelope preparation. However, still unsolved was the identity of the most important antigenic moiety, a 45 kDa tryptic fragment which is recognized by all sera from patients with fogo selvagem, pemphigus foliaceus, by half of pemphigus vulgaris sera and by a new variant of endemic pemphigus in El Bagre, Colombia that resembles Senechal-Usher syndrome. Here, we report the identification of the 45 kDa conformational epitope of a soluble tryptic cleavage product from viable bovine epidermis. To elucidate the nature of this peptide, viable bovine epidermis was trypsin-digested, and glycosylated peptides were partially purified on a concanavalin A (Con-A) affinity column. This column fraction was then used as an antigen source for further immunoaffinity purification. A PF patient's serum covalently coupled to a *Staphylococcus aureus* protein A column was incubated with the Con-A eluted products and the immuno-isolated antigen was separated by SDS-PAGE, transferred to a membrane, and visualized with Coomassie blue, silver and amido black stains. The 45 kDa band was subjected to amino acid sequence analysis revealing the sequence, EXIK-FAAAXREGED, which matched the mature form of the extracellular domain of bovine Dsg1. This study confirms the biological importance of the ectodomain of Dsg1 as well as the relevance of conformational epitopes in various types of pemphigus.

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 8 PHIN COPYRIGHT 2008 Informa UK Ltd on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 86:12718 PHIN <<LOGINID::20081222>>
 DATA ENTRY DATE: 17 Dec 1986
 TITLE: Company news round-up: 1986
 SOURCE: Animal-Pharm (1986) Review issue, January 5 1987
 p13
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Newsletter
 FILE SEGMENT: FULL

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:165856 USPATFULL <<LOGINID::20081222>>
 TITLE: Protein kinase peptide substrate determination using peptide libraries
 INVENTOR(S): Blackburn, Robert Kevin, Durham, NC, UNITED STATES
 Bramson, Harold Neal, Durham, NC, UNITED STATES
 Moyer, Mary Benbow, Durham, NC, UNITED STATES
 Stuart, James Darren, Durham, NC, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 20030113711	A1	20030619	<--
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2002-155481	A1	20020524 (10)	

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2001-294365P	20010530 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	DAVID J LEVY, CORPORATE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, GLAXOSMITHKLINE, FIVE MOORE DR., PO BOX 13398, RESEARCH TRIANGLE PARK, NC, 27709-3398	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	59	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	1 Drawing Page(s)	

LINE COUNT: 1951

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A method of isolating and identifying peptide substrates for a protein kinase is disclosed. The method involves a combination of size exclusion and gallium-based metal affinity chromatography. The method includes the steps of incubating a protein kinase with a peptide library in the presence of kinase reaction components, the library comprising library members; separating library members from the kinase reaction components using size exclusion chromatography to give a pool of phosphopeptides and unphosphorylated peptides; contacting the pool with immobilized gallium ions to form chelated phosphopeptides; eluting chelated phosphopeptides away from the gallium ions to give eluted phosphopeptides; sequencing the eluted phosphopeptides, whereby a preferred amino acid sequence of a preferred peptide substrate for a protein kinase is elucidated. Also disclosed is a method of identifying a compound that modulates the protein kinase catalyzed phosphorylation of a peptide substrate and a method of designing protein kinase substrates.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 8 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2008 THOMSON REUTERS on STN
DOC. NO. CPI: C2005-003766 [01]
DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N2005-010801 [01]
TITLE: Screening inhibitor of IL-18 production in subject suffering from atopic dermatitis by administering agent into keratinocytes of subject to stimulate IL-18, and administering substance into keratinocytes to inhibit IL-18
DERWENT CLASS: B04; D16; P14; S03
INVENTOR: MIZUTANI H; NAKANISHI K; TSUTSUI H
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (NISC-N) JAPAN SCI & TECH AGENCY; (NISC-N) JAPAN SCI & TECHNOLOGY AGENCY; (MIZU-I) MIZUTANI H; (NAKA-I) NAKANISHI K; (TSUT-I) TSUTSUI H
COUNTRY COUNT: 107

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	WEEK	LA	PG	MAIN IPC	
WO 2004104578	A1	20041202 (200501)*	JA 49[9]				<--
EP 1635176	A1	20060315 (200620)	EN				<--
JP 2005506315	X	20060720 (200648)	JA 26				<--
AU 2004241513	A1	20041202 (200654)	EN				<--
KR 2006011837	A	20060203 (200660)	KO				<--
CN 1777807	A	20060524 (200663)	ZH				<--
US 20070092448	A1	20070426 (200730)	EN				<--
AU 2004241513	B2	20070920 (200801)	EN				<--
AU 2007242943	A1	20080110 (200827) #	EN				<--

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 2004104578 A1		WO 2004-JP5747	20040421
AU 2004241513 A1		AU 2004-241513	20040421
AU 2004241513 B2		AU 2004-241513	20040421
CN 1777807 A		CN 2004-80010993	20040421
EP 1635176 A1		EP 2004-728686	20040421
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KR 2006011837 A	WO 2004-JP5747	20040421
US 20070092448 A1	WO 2004-JP5747	20040421
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AU 2007242943 A1 Div Ex	AU 2004-241513	20040421
AU 2007242943 A1	AU 2007-242943	20071212

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	PATENT NO		
EP 1635176	A1	Based on	WO 2004104578	A
JP 2005506315	X	Based on	WO 2004104578	A
AU 2004241513	A1	Based on	WO 2004104578	A
KR 2006011837	A	Based on	WO 2004104578	A
AU 2004241513	B2	Based on	WO 2004104578	A

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: JP 2003-120630 20030424
AU 2007-242943 20071212

AN 2005-013390 [01] WPIDS

AB WO 2004104578 A1 UFAB: 20050707

NOVELTY - Screening (M1) inhibitor of interleukin (IL)-18 production in a subject suffering from atopic dermatitis (AD), comprising inducing the production of IL-18 by administering a stimulating agent into keratinocytes of subject under *in vivo* or *in vitro* conditions, and administering a candidate substance into keratinocytes that inhibits the production of IL-18, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) a serological therapeutic drug (I) comprising inhibitor obtainable by (M1);
- (2) inducing (M2) AD, comprising administering *Staphylococcus aureus* origin protein A (SpA) or transplanting a skin having AD-like inflammatory lesion, to an organism;
- (3) an animal model obtainable by (M2); and
- (4) a screening kit for carrying out (M1) or (M2).

ACTIVITY - Antiinflammatory; Dermatological.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Inhibitor of IL-18 (claimed).

No supporting data is given.

USE - (M1) is useful for screening inhibitor of IL-18 production in a subject suffering from AD (claimed). (I) is useful for treating atopic dermatitis.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The drawing is a graph representing the levels of IgE induced by the transplantation of skin having atopic dermatitis-like inflammatory lesion to a host.

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